Templates for LHD Opioid Prevention & Response: A How-To Guide

The National Association of County and City Health Officials (NACCHO) is dedicated to increasing local health department (LHD) capacity to respond effectively to the opioid epidemic. This How-To Guide is a reference document to support LHDs as they plan for, implement, and evaluate their efforts by utilizing NACCHO's Action Plan, Budget Plan, and Evaluation Plan templates. The templates can be found in NACCHO's online <u>Opioid Epidemic Toolkit for LHDs</u>.

Planning and Partnerships

NACCHO encourages LHDs to engage with a wide variety of local, regional, state, and federal partners to develop their Action Plan and implement their identified strategies to address the opioid epidemic and its consequences among the populations they serve. Potential partners, as illustrated in Figure 1, can be customized per jurisdiction. LHDs are encouraged to pursue innovative cross-sector partnerships to leverage their community's unique local strengths. NACCHO also encourages LHDs to include persons with lived experience, such as those in recovery from opioid use disorder, as they identify their community's strategic priorities and build their Action Plan. Additionally, as the LHD identifies target populations for its opioid prevention and response activities, it should strive to intentionally include members of those target populations in all phases of the planning process.





It can take time and energy to form and sustain meaningful and trusting partnerships. NACCHO suggests that LHDs select a community-driven <u>strategic planning process</u> to <u>engage partners</u> in the Action Plan development process, prioritize community needs, identify community resources, and obtain community buy-in.

Considerations

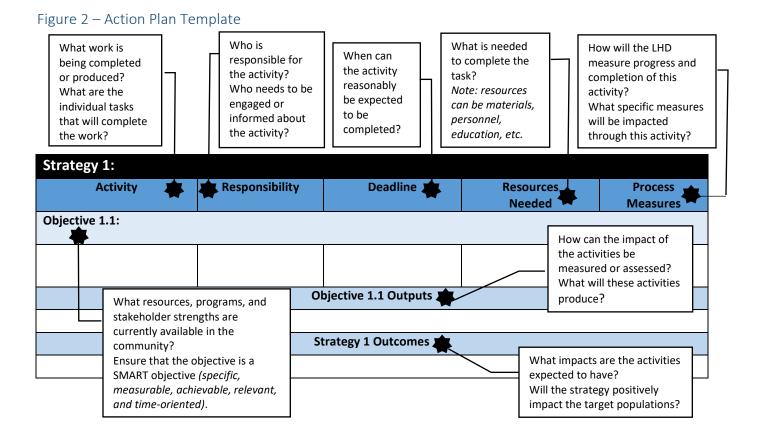
- Staff time. Plan for adequate staff time to support development and implementation of selected strategies.
- **Collaboration with partners.** Strive to collaborate with community partners who may already be working on opioid-related efforts.
- **Community buy-in.** Consider community values, beliefs, and potential misconceptions about opioid use and opioid use disorder when identifying and implementing priority strategies.
- **Funding and sustainability.** Keep various funding sources and requirements in mind when developing the Budget Plan. Consider programming that can be maintained beyond the project timeline. If the LHD will provide grants to local partners or community stakeholders, plan for the necessary time to finalize contracts.

Action Plan Template

The Action Plan is a comprehensive, living document, built on identified and prioritized strategic issues and goals. It provides a blueprint for the steps the LHD and its partners will take to achieve its goals in targeting opioid prevention and response, including how to identify those responsible and resources needed, and track progress. Each identified strategic issue is supported by objectives and activities to achieve its aims. The Action Plan template guides LHDs through the development, implementation, and evaluation of their initiatives by asking for details on how and when each activity will be completed. The template also includes a Progress Notes column to help LHDs track their progress on each activity. Figure 2 lists some questions LHDs may want to consider while completing the template.

Strategies

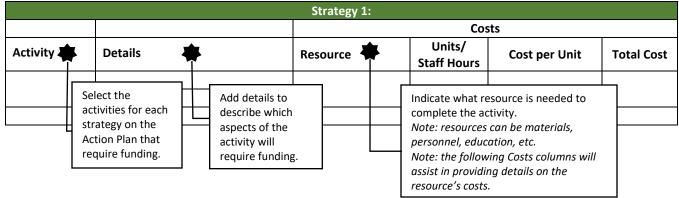
During the strategic planning process, LHDs can identify as few or as many strategies as they choose, each of which should be concise enough to condense to a short phrase or sentence. When prioritizing strategies to include in the Action Plan, LHDs should think about the Action Plan's main goal and the large-scale outcomes they want to achieve.



Budget Plan Template

The <u>Budget Plan</u> will guide LHDs through the allocation and tracking of funding to support the Action Plan activities. The Budget Plan template asks for details on how much funding is required for each activity, and includes a column for LHDs to distinguish between multiple funding sources. Figure 3 provides information on completing the template.

Figure 3 – Budget Plan Template



Evaluation Plan Template

The <u>Evaluation Plan template</u> includes section-by-section instructions to assist LHDs in planning and conducting an evaluation of the Action Plan efforts. NACCHO suggests that LHDs consider meaningful indicators of progress by exploring local data sources and using realistic approaches. Evaluation efforts help to demonstrate impact and reach of LHD activities, inform policy and programs, and provide evidence to advocate for continued or expanded funding.

Example Template Entries

Figure 4: Example of an Action Plan Entry

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Strategy 1: Implement a cor			Deserves	Duesses Massures
Activity	Responsibility	Deadline	Resources Needed	Process Measures
Objective 1.1: By May 31, 2019, d	esign a county-wide o	ommunications can		wareness around the risks
of opioid misuse through evidence				
1.1a: Identify priorities for	LHD Analyst	January 31,	Staff time	# of priorities identified
county-wide communications		2019		
campaign.				
1.1b: Select key messages for	LHD Analyst	February 15,	Staff time	# and type of messages
campaign.		2019		identified
1.1c: Develop materials that use	LHD Analyst	March 31, 2019	Staff time	Development of materials
the selected messages.				# and type of materials
1.1d: Meet with community	LHD Analyst,	April 15, 2019	Staff time;	Meeting conducted; # of
stakeholders to review	Stakeholders		meeting	participating stakeholders
messages/materials and elicit feedback.			space	
1.1e: Develop dissemination	LHD Analyst	May 31, 2019	Staff time	Development of plan
plan for the campaign.	LITD Analyst	1vidy 51, 2019	Stantine	Development of plan
	Object	ive 1.1 Outputs		
Key messages/materials.	0.0,000			
 Communications campai 	n dissemination plan			
Objective 1.2: By September 30, 2		v-wide communica	tions campaign.	
1.2a: Get quotes from various	LHD Analyst	July 15, 2019	Staff time	# and type of quotes
media vendors.	,			received
1.2b: Contract with 4 selected	LHD Analyst,	August 30, 2019	Staff time (2)	4 contracts completed
media vendors.	Contracts Manager			
1.2c: Roll out communications	LHD Analyst	September 30,	Staff time;	# of platforms used
campaign through the LHD's		2019	social media	
social media platforms.			accounts	
		ive 1.2 Outputs		
Quotes from media vend				
Contracts with 4 media v				
Communications campaig			waash af tha asw	
Objective 1.3: Through December 1.3a: Collect campaign reach	LHD Analyst	December 31,	Staff time	# and type of messages
data from selected media	LED Analyst	2019	Stantime	and materials shared; # of
vendors.		2019		people reached
1.3b: Track reach of the LHD's	LHD Analyst	December 31,	Staff time;	# and type of messages
communications channels.		2019	social media	and materials shared; # of
			analytics	people reached
	Object	ive 1.3 Outputs	· ·	
Data on campaign impler				
	Strate	gy 1 Outcomes		
Increased evidence-base	d information and mes	sages available abo	ut the risks of op	ioid misuse.
 Increased awareness of t 	he risks of opioid misu	se among communi	ty members.	

Strategy 1: Implement a communications campaign.								
		Costs						
Activity	Details	Resource	Units/ Staff Hours	Cost per Unit	Total Cost			
Campaign development & evaluation	Develop materials and select key messages. Meet with stakeholders to review	LHD Analyst staff time	120	\$45/hour	\$5,400			
	selected messages/materials. Get quotes from various media vendors.							
	Roll out campaign, and track implementation and reach.							
Campaign dissemination	Printed signs, banners, graphics, and fact sheets.	Vendor costs	1 contract	\$450	\$450			
	Video PSAs.	Vendor costs	1 contract	\$2,000	\$2,000			
	Newspaper (print and digital) messages.	Vendor costs	1 contract	\$1,150	\$1,150			
	Billboard messages.	Vendor costs	1 contract	\$1,000	\$1,000			
			St	rategy 1 Total Costs	\$10,000			

Figure 6: Example of an Evaluation Plan Entry

Evaluation Questions	Indicators/Measures	Data Collection Methods/Sources					
Evaluation Strategy 1: Communications campaign to raise awareness of the risks of opioid misuse.							
 Question 1 – To what extent was the communications campaign disseminated in the county? Question 2 – To what extent did the communications campaign dissemination target different populations? Question 3 – To what extent did the campaign change awareness of the risks of opioid misuse among target audiences? 	 Indicator 1 – # and types of dissemination methods Indicator 2 – # of messages disseminated Indicator 3 – # of estimated impressions Indicator 4 – # and types of target audiences Indicator 5 – # of estimated impressions per target audience Indicator 6 – facilitators and barriers to disseminating messages to target audiences Indicator 7 – self-reported changes in awareness 	 Method – dissemination plan Method – campaign reach data from contracted vendors Method – social media analytics Method – focus group(s) with target audiences 					